

1. (Convergence of Riemann-Itô sums).

- a) Let H_t be an adapted, product measurable process that is *continuous in mean square*, i.e.

$$\lim_{s \rightarrow t} E [(H_s - H_t)^2] = 0 \quad \text{for all } t \geq 0.$$

Show that

$$\int_0^t H_s dB_s = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{s \in \tau_n} H_s \cdot (B_{s'} - B_s) \quad \text{in } L^2(P)$$

for any sequence τ_n of partitions of $[0, t]$ such that $|\tau_n| \rightarrow 0$.

- b) Show that $H_t = f(B_t)$ is continuous in mean square, if B_t is a Brownian motion, and $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is Lipschitz continuous.

2. (Quadratic variation of Brownian motion). Prove that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{s \in \tau_n} (B_{s'} - B_s)^2 = t \quad \text{in } L^2(P)$$

for any sequence τ_n of partitions of $[0, t]$ such that $|\tau_n| \rightarrow 0$.

Hint: Compute $E[\sum((B_{s'} - B_s)^2 - (s' - s))^2]$.

3. (Itô and Stratonovich formula for B_t^2).

- a) Prove directly from the definition of the Itô integral that

$$\int_0^t B_s dB_s = \frac{1}{2} B_t^2 - \frac{1}{2} t.$$

The assertion of Exercise 2 can be assumed.

b) The Stratonovich integral of B_t w.r.t. B_t is defined by

$$\int_0^t B_s \circ dB_s := \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{s \in \tau_n} \frac{1}{2} (B_{s'} + B_s) \cdot (B_{s'} - B_s) \quad \text{in } L^2(P).$$

Show that

$$\int_0^t B_s \circ dB_s = \frac{1}{2} B_t^2,$$

so the Itô and Stratonovich integrals do not coincide !

4. (Maximal inequality). State Doob's \mathcal{L}^p inequality for a continuous martingale $(M_t)_{t \geq 0}$. Give a complete detailed proof.